

IS Series

Industrial Ethernet Layer 2 Switches

AT-IS230-10GP AT-IS130-6GP



Installation Guide

613-002547 Rev. E

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Electrical Safety and Emissions Standards

The AT-IS230-10GP and AT-IS130-6GP products meet the following standards:

U.S. Federal Communications Commission

Interference Statement

The AT-IS230-10GP and AT-IS130-6GP comply with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) These devices may not cause harmful interference, and (2) these devices must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a controlled environment, such as a cabinet, hut or telecom closet. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.

- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.

- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

The Federal Communications Commission warns that changes or modifications of the unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment and any assurances of safety or performance, and could result in violation of part 15 of the FCC Rules.

Industry Canada

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

This equipment complies with radio frequency exposure limits set forth by Industry Canada for a controlled environment.

Cet éuipement est conforme aux limites d'exposition aux radiofréuences déinies par Industrie Canada pour un environnement contré.

European Union Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment

This Allied Telesis RoHS-compliant product conforms to the European Union Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances (RoHS) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment. Allied Telesis ensures RoHS conformance by requiring supplier Declarations of Conformity, monitoring incoming materials, and maintaining manufacturing process controls.

Certifications

The regulatory approvals of the product are listed in Table 1.

Table 1. Regulatory Approvals

Mechanical	EN 50022, EN 60715 Standardized mounting on rails
Compliance Mark	CE, FCC, RCM, TUV, VCCI
Safety	AT-IS230-10GP switch and AT-IS130-6GP: CAN/CSA C22.2 No.62368-1 EN/IEC/UL 62368-1 AT-IS230-10GP switch only: CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1 CAN/CSA C22.2 No.61010-2-201 EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 EN/IEC/UL 61010-2-201 AT-IS130-6GP only: AS/NZS 62368.1
EMC	AT-IS230-10GP switch and AT-IS130-6GP: AS/NZS CISPR 32, class A EN55024; EN55032, class A EN61000-6-2; EN61000-6-4, class A FCC part 15B, class A ICES-003, issue 6, class A VCCI, class A AT-IS130-6GP only: CAN/CSA-CISPR 22 CISPR 22; CISPR 32
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Radiated Susceptibility (RS) Electrical Fast Transient (EFT) Lighting/Surge immunity (Surge) Conducted immunity (CS) Magnetic field immunity	EN61000-4-2, level 3 EN61000-4-3, level 3 EN61000-4-4, level 3 EN61000-4-5, level 2 EN61000-4-6, level 3 EN61000-4-8, level 4
Railway	EN50121-4 (AT-IS230-10GP switch only)
Traffic Control	NEMA-TS2 (AT-IS230-10GP switch only)
Shock	EN60068-2-27 MIL-STD-810G 516.6
Freefall	IEC 60068-2-31
Vibration	IEC 60068-2-6 MIL-STD-810G 514.6

Table 1. Regulatory Approvals (Continued)

Complies with Allied Telesis, Inc. document <i>Spec,</i> <i>Substance Compliance</i> No. 612-001876

<u>/</u>

Warning

In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures. & E84



Warning

Use an EN60825-1 certified optical fiber transceiver. \bigstar L8

Important: Safety statements that have the *Score symbol* are translated into multiple languages in the *Translated Safety Statements* document at **www.alliedtelesis.com/library**.

Remarque: Les consignes de sécurité portant le symbole & sont traduites dans plusieurs langues dans le document *Translated Safety Statements,* disponible à l'adresse **www.alliedtelesis.com/library**.

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Preface

This guide contains the hardware installation instructions for the AT-IS230-10GP and AT-IS130-6GP switches. The preface contains the following sections:

- □ "Safety Symbols Used in this Document" on page 14
- □ "Contact Allied Telesis" on page 15

Safety Symbols Used in this Document

This document uses the following conventions.

Note

Notes provide additional information.



Caution

Cautions inform you that performing or omitting a specific action may result in equipment damage or loss of data.



Warning

Warnings inform you that performing or omitting a specific action may result in bodily injury.



Warning

Laser warnings inform you that an eye or skin hazard exists due to the presence of a Class 1 laser device.



Warning

Warnings inform you of hot surfaces.

Contact Allied Telesis

If you need assistance with this product, you may contact Allied Telesis technical support by going to the Support & Services section of the Allied Telesis web site at **www.alliedtelesis.com/support**. You can find links for the following services on this page:

- 24/7 Online Support Enter our interactive support center to search for answers to your questions in our knowledge database, check support tickets, learn about Return Merchandise Authorizations (RMAs), and contact Allied Telesis technical experts.
- USA and EMEA phone support Select the phone number that best fits your location and customer type.
- Hardware warranty information Learn about Allied Telesis warranties and register your product online.
- Replacement Services Submit an RMA request via our interactive support center.
- Documentation View the most recent installation guides, user guides, software release notes, white papers and data sheets for your product.
- Software Updates Download the latest software releases for your product.

For sales or corporate contact information, select your region and country and then go to **www.alliedtelesis.com/contact**.

Preface

Chapter 1 Overview

This chapter describes the hardware features for the AT-IS230-10GP and AT-IS130-6GP switches. This chapter's sections are listed here:

- □ "Hardware Components" on page 18
- □ "Features" on page 22
- □ "10/100/1000Base-T Twisted-Pair Ports" on page 27
- "Power over Ethernet" on page 30
- □ "SFP Slots" on page 34
- □ "AT-IS230-10GP Console Port" on page 35
- □ "AT-IS230-10GP Reset Button" on page 36
- Ground Screw" on page 37
- "Power/Alarm Connector" on page 38
- □ "LEDs" on page 40
- □ "Power Supplies" on page 45

Hardware Components



The front panel of the AT-IS230-10GP switch is shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1. AT-IS230-10GP Switch Front Panel

The front panel of the AT-IS130-6GP switch is shown in Figure 2.



Figure 2. AT-IS130-6GP Switch Front Panel



Figure 3 shows the components on the AT-IS230-10GP switch top panel.



Figure 4 shows the components on the AT-IS130-6GP switch top panel.



Figure 4. AT-IS130-6GP Switch Top Panel



Figure 5 identifies the components on the AT-IS230-10GP switch back panel.

Figure 5. AT-IS230-10GP Switch Back Panel Features

Figure 6 identifies the components on the AT-IS230-10GP switch back panel.



Figure 6. AT-IS130-6GP Switch Back Panel Features

DIN Rail Bracket	Each switch comes with one DIN rail bracket pre-installed on the back panel. The bracket is compatible with DIN 35x7.5mm rails.
Screw Holes for Wall Brackets	The AT-IS230-10GP back panel has six holes in the back panel for securing the two wall brackets. These brackets are included in the accessory kit.
	The AT-IS130-6GP top and bottom panels have four holes each for securing the two wall brackets. These brackets and the mounting screws are included in the accessory kit.

Features

The basic features of the IS Series switches can be found in these sections:

- □ "AT-IS230-10GP Managed Features"
- □ "Twisted-Pair Ports" on page 23
- □ "Power Over Ethernet" on page 24
- □ "SFP Slots" on page 24
- □ "Console Port" on page 24
- □ "LEDs" on page 25
- "Power/Alarm Connector" on page 25
- □ "MAC Address Tables" on page 25
- □ "AT-IS230-10GP Management Software" on page 25
- □ "AT-IS230-10GP Management Methods" on page 25
- □ "Installation Options" on page 25
- □ "Additional Features" on page 26
- IS Series The following hardware standard features are only supported on both the AT-IS230-10GP and the AT-IS130-6GP switches:

Features

- □ IEEE 802.3 10-BASE-T, Ethernet
- □ IEEE 802.3u 100-BASE-TX, Fast Ethernet
- □ IEEE 802.3ab 1000BASE-T, Gigabit Ethernet
- □ IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X, Gigabit Ethernet
- □ IEEE 802.3x Flow Control
- □ IEEE 802.3at PoE
- □ IEEE 802.3af PoE+

AT-IS230-10GP Managed

The following managed features are only supported on the AT-IS230-10GP switch:

Features

- Supports Port Mirroring
 - □ IEEE 802.1p LANs (VLANs)
 - □ IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree (MSTP)
 - □ IEEE 802.1x (Port-Based, MD5/TLS/TTLS/PEAP Encryption)
 - □ IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)
 - □ IEEE 802.3az Energy-Efficient Ethernet
 - LPI at 100BASE-TX support
 - LPI at 1000BASE-T support
 - □ IEEE 802.1p Quality of Service (QoS)
 - □ IEEE 802.1x (Port-Based, MD5/TLS/TTLS/PEAP Encryption)
 - □ IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LANs (VLANs)
 - □ IEEE 802.1d Standard Spanning Tree Protocol
 - □ IEEE 802.1s Multiple Spanning Tree (MSTP)
 - □ IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
 - □ X-Ring Pro (ultra high-speed recovery time < 20 ms)
 - RADIUS Management
 - ARP Spoofing
 - Access Control List
 - IP Source Guard
 - DHCP Snooping
- Twisted-Pair
PortsHere is a summary of the basic features of the IS Series 10/100/1000
Mbps twisted-pair ports:
 - □ 100 meters (328 feet) maximum operating distance.
 - □ Auto-MDI/MDIX feature.
 - □ Jumbo frames from 1518 to 9216 bytes.
 - 10/100/1000Base-T/TX RJ-45 Copper ports with IEEE 802.3 af/at PoE.
 - AT-IS230-10GP switch 8 ports with PoE.
 - AT-IS130-10GP switch 5 ports total: 4 ports with PoE and 1 port without PoE.
 - □ Two combo ports 100/1000Base-T/TX RJ-45/SFP for the AT-IS230-10GP switch only.

Power Over
EthernetThe IEEE 802.3 af/at Power over Ethernet feature is offered on both the
AT-IS230-10GP switch and AT-IS130-6GP switches.

AT-IS230-10GP Switch

Ports 1 to 8 offer the following PoE characteristics:

- Maximum PoE budget for the switch is 120 watts.
- □ Maximum port PoE budget is 30 watts.
- D Powered device classes 0 to 4 port are supported.
- □ Alternative A wiring is available for PoE or PoE+ devices.

AT-IS130-6GP Switch

Ports 1 to 4 offer the following PoE characteristics:

- Total PoE budget for the switch is 60W at 48V
- □ Maximum current per port is 0.32A at 48V
- □ Total PoE budget for the switch is 90W at 54V
- Maximum current per port is 0.58A at 54V
- D Powered device classes 0 to 4 port are supported.
- □ Alternative A wiring is available for PoE or PoE+ devices.

Note

Port 5 of the AT-IS130-6GP switch does not support the PoE feature.

SFP Slots The two SFP combo slots on the AT-IS230-10GP and the one SFP slot on the AT-IS130-6GP support 100M and 1000M optical transceivers.

Note

SFP transceivers must be purchased separately from the switch. Refer to the product data sheet for a list of supported transceivers.

Console Port The AT-IS230-10GP has one RJ-45 connector dedicated as an out-of-band, Console serial management port.

Note

The AT-IS130-6GP is an unmanaged switch with no console port.

LEDs	The following LEDs are on the front panel of the IS Series switches:		
	Link/activity and duplex mode LEDs for the twisted-pair ports.		
	Link/activity LED for each SFP port.		
	Power supply status LED for each power supply input.		
	Fault (Alarm) LED.		
	PoE Active status LEDs for each PoE twisted-pair port.		
	System Status LED (AT-IS230-10GP only).		
	Ring Master Active status LED (AT-IS230-10GP only).		
Power/Alarm Connector	The switch has one connector on top of the switch which includes pins for the following functions:		
	Two DC power supply connections		
	P-Fail (Power Fail) alarm relay contacts for an external alert device, such as a buzzer or LED, to indicate the failure of one of the power supplies.		
MAC Address	Here are the basic features of the MAC address tables:		
Tables	S AT-IS230-10GP Switch		
	Storage capacity up to 8,192 MAC address entries.		
	Automatic learning and aging of 300 second default aging time - range from 10 to 630 seconds		
	AT-IS130-6GP Switch		
	Storage capacity up to 2,048 MAC address entries.		
	Automatic learning and aging of 300 second.		
AT-IS230-10GP	The switches support the following management software interfaces:		
Management	Command line interface		
Software	Web browser interface		
AT-IS230-10GP	You can manage the switches in the following ways:		
Management	Local management through the Console port		
Methods	Remote Telnet or secure shell management		
	Remote HTTP or HTTPS web browser management		
	SNMPv1, v2c, or v3, Standard MIB, Private MIB		
Installation	The IS Series switches support the following installation options:		
Options	DIN rail installation (compatible with DIN 35x7.5mm rail)		
	Concrete or masonry wall or industrial panel		

Additional Here are additional features for the IS Series switches:

Features

- □ Reset button (AT-IS230-10GP only)
- $\hfill\square$ Two DC power supply input connections
- Extended environmental range (Refer to "Environmental Specifications" on page 100 for more information)

10/100/1000Base-T Twisted-Pair Ports

This section describes the following hardware aspects of the twisted-pair ports on the IS Series switches:

- "Connector Type"
- □ "Speed"
- "Duplex Mode"
- "Maximum Cable Distance"
- □ "MDI/MDIX" on page 29
- "Port Pinouts" on page 29

Connector Type The twisted-pair ports consist of RJ-45 connectors. The ports use four pins at 10 or 100 Mbps and all eight pins at 1000 Mbps. The pin assignments are listed in Table 18 on page 104 and Table 19 on page 105.

Speed The ports can operate at 10, 100, or 1000 Mbps. The switch can set the speeds automatically with Auto-Negotiation.

Note

In the case of the AT-IS230-10GP switch, you can manually set the speeds with the management software. The twisted-pair ports must be set to Auto-Negotiation to operate at 1000 Mbps. In the case of the AT-IS130-6GP switch, you cannot set the twisted-pair ports manually to 1000 Mbps.

Duplex Mode The twisted-pair ports on the IS Series switches can operate in either halfor full-duplex mode at 10 or 100 Mbps. Ports operating at 1000 Mbps can only operate in full-duplex mode. The twisted-pair ports are IEEE 802.3u Auto-Negotiation compliant. The switch can set the duplex modes automatically.

Note

With the AT-IS230-10GP switch, switch ports connected to 10 or 100 Mbps end nodes that do not support Auto-Negotiation should not use Auto-Negotiation to set their speed and duplex mode settings, because duplex mode mismatches might occur. You should disable Auto-Negotiation and set the speed and duplex mode settings manually with the AlliedWare Plus operating system.

Note

With the AT-IS230-10GP switch, you can disable Auto-Negotiation and set the duplex modes manually via the switch management. Speed and duplex mode settings can be set independently of each other on the ports. For example, the speed of a port can be configured manually while its duplex mode is established through Auto-Negotiation.

Maximum Cable Distance

CableThe ports have a maximum operating distance of 100 meters (328 feet).

- **MDI/MDIX** The 10/100/1000 Mbps twisted-pair ports on the IS Series switches are IEEE 802.3ab compliant, with automatic MDI/MDIX detection. This feature automatically configures the ports to MDI or MDI-X depending on the wiring configurations of the end nodes.
- **Port Pinouts** Refer to Table 18 on page 104 for the pinouts of the twisted-pair ports at 10 or 100 Mbps and to Table 19 on page 105 for the port pinouts at 1000 Mbps.

Power over Ethernet

The ports that support PoE can supply electrical power to network devices over the same twisted-pair cables that carry network traffic. The feature can simplify network installation and maintenance because it allows you to use the switch as a central power source for other network devices.

Devices that receive their power over Ethernet cables are called powered devices (PD). Examples of PDs include wireless access points, IP telephones, web cams, and even other Ethernet switches. A PD connected to a port on the IS Series switches receives both network traffic and power over the same twisted-pair cable.

PoE Versions The IS Series switches support the following versions of Power over Ethernet:

- □ PoE (IEEE 802.3af)
- □ PoE+ (IEEE 802.3at)
- For PoE and PoE+ devices, power is delivered from the switch over four of the eight Ethernet cable strands using the Alternative A method. With Alternative A, power is delivered on strands 1, 2, 3, and 6, which are the same strands that carry the 10/100Base-TX network traffic.

Table 1 lists the switch ports that support PoE and the maximum power levels. The total available PoE power that the AT-IS230-10GP switch can supply from all the ports combined is 120 Watts. The total available PoE power that the AT-IS130-6GP switch can supply from all the ports combined is 90 Watts.

Switch Model/ Ports	Switch Maximum Power Budget	PoE Version	Maximum Power Output at Switch Port	Maximum Power at PD
AT-IS230-10G P (Ports 1 to 8)	120 Watts	PoE PoE+	15.4W 30.0W	13W 25.5W
AT-IS130-6GP (Ports 1 to 4)	90 Watts DC51~57V input (IEEE802.3at) 90W DC45~57V input (IEEE802.3af) 61.6W	PoE PoE+	15.4W 30.0W	13W 25.5W

Table 1. Maximum Power Levels

Powered Device Classes for PoE and PoE+

The PoE and PoE+ standards define five powered device classes. The classes are defined by the power requirements of the powered devices. The classes are shown in Table 2. The IS Series switches support all five classes.

Class	Usage	Maximum Power Output at the Switch Port	PD Power Range
0	Default	15.4W	0.44W to 13W
1	Optional	4.0W	0.44W to 3.84W
2	Optional	7.0W	3.84W to 6.49W
3	Optional	15.4W	6.94W to 13W
4	Optional	30.0W	13W to 25.5W

Table 2	PoE and PoE+ Powered Device Classes
rable z.	PoE and PoE+ Powered Device Classes

PoE Connection Guidelines

Here are guidelines for connecting different types of powered devices (PDs) on the PoE switch ports:

- PoE or PoE+ devices that comply with the IEEE 802.3af and 802.3at standards support Alternatives A and can be connected to any of the PoE twisted-pair ports.
- PoE or PoE+ devices that do not comply with the standards and only support Alternative A can also be connected to any available twisted-pair port.

Note

Alternative B method of delivering PoE power (over strands 4, 5, 7 and 8) is not supported.

Non-PoE devices can be connected to any of the twisted-pair ports on the switch. Ports connected to network nodes that are not PDs (that is, devices that receive power from another power source) function as regular Ethernet ports, without delivering power to the device. The PoE feature remains enabled on the ports but no power is delivered to the devices.

- **PoE Budget** Both IS Series switches have an overall PoE budget. This is the total wattage the switch has available for all the powered devices connected to its PoE ports. The maximum PoE power available at any one time is:
 - □ AT-IS230-10GP switch 120W
 - □ AT-IS130-10GP switch 90 W
 - 51~57VDC input (IEEE802.3at) 90W
 - 45~57VDC input (IEEE802.3af) 61.6W

The PoE budget can never be more than these values on the respective switches, but it can be less, depending on the maximum power rating of the DC power supply.

The number of powered devices the switch can support at one time depends on the switch's PoE budget and the wattage requirements of the powered devices. As long as the total wattage requirements of all the powered devices is less than the budget of the switch, the switch can supply power to all the devices.

If the total wattage requirements exceed the PoE budget on the AT-IS130-6GP switch, power will be delivered to the ports based on the sequence of being plugged in. In the case of the AT-IS230-10GP switch, power is delivered to specific ports using a mechanism referred to as port prioritization - refer to "Port Prioritization" on page 33.

To determine whether the wattage requirements of the PoE devices you plan to connect to the switch exceed its budget, refer to their documentation for their power requirements and add the requirements together. The switch will be able to power all the devices simultaneously as long as the total is below its PoE budget. If the total exceeds the available power budget, you should consider reducing the number of PoE devices so that all the devices receive power.

The switch can handle different power requirements on different ports. This enables you to connect different classes of PoE equipment to the PoE ports of the switch. (See Table 2 on page 31 for the PoE class power ranges.)

Port Prioritization If the power requirements of the powered devices exceed the switch's power budget, the switch denies power to some ports based on a system called port prioritization. You may use this mechanism to ensure that powered devices critical to the operations of your network are given preferential treatment by the switch in the distribution of power should the demands of the devices exceed the available PoE power capacity.

AT-IS130-6GP Switch

When the switch power is OFF and the ports are connected to PoE devices, PoE power is provided to the lowest port first and then to the ports in ascending order as long as the overall switch budget is not exceeded. If the PoE power budget is exceeded, there is no power provided to the higher ports.

When the switch power is ON and PoE devices are randomly connected to the switch ports, then power will be supplied to the ports in the order that they are connected.

AT-IS230-10GP Switch

You can configure the port priority feature using the management software. There are three priority levels: Critical, High, and Low.

Ports set to the Critical level, the highest priority level, are guaranteed power before any of the ports assigned to the other two priority levels. Ports assigned to the other priority levels receive power only if all the Critical ports are receiving power. Ports that are connected to your most critical powered devices should be assigned to this level. If there is not enough power to support all the ports set to the Critical priority level, power is provided to the ports in ascending order starting with the lowest port number.

The High level is the second highest level. Ports set to this level receive power only if all the ports set to the Critical level are already receiving power. If there is not enough power to support all of the ports set to the High priority level, power is provided to the ports in ascending order starting with the lowest port number.

The lowest priority level is Low. This is the default setting. Ports set to this level only receive power if all of the ports assigned to the other two levels are already receiving power. As with the other levels, if there is not enough power to support all of the ports set to the Low priority level, power is provided to the ports in ascending order starting with the lowest port number.

Power allocation is dynamic. Ports supplying power to powered devices may cease power transmission if the switch's power budget is at maximum usage and new powered devices, connected to ports with higher priorities, become active.

SFP Slots

Each SFP slot supports Ethernet 100/1000Base fiber optic, MSAcompliant SFP transceivers. You can use the transceiver to connect the switch to other network devices over large distances, build a high-speed backbone network between network devices, or connect high-speed devices, such as servers, to your network.

Note

SFP transceivers must be purchased separately from the switch. Refer to the product data sheet for a list of supported transceivers.

To protect SFP transceivers from heat-related damage, you should select transceivers whose maximum operating temperatures exceed the anticipated maximum ambient temperature at the switch installation site. Table 3 provides recommendations for SFP maximum operating temperatures for several ambient site temperatures.

Maximum Ambient Installation Site Temperature	Recommended Maximum SFP Operating Temperature
75° C (167 [°] F)	105° C (221 [°] F)
65° C (149 [°] F)	95° C (203 [°] F)
55° C (131 [°] F)	85° C (185 [°] F)

Table 3.	Maximum Installation Site Temperatures Versus SFP
	Temperature Ratings

AT-IS230-10GP Console Port

The Console port is a serial RS-232 port offered on the AT-IS230-10GP switch only. You can access the management software to configure the features via the Console port. Management sessions conducted through the Console port are called local management sessions because you have to be at the location of the switch. Local management sessions do not interfere with the network operations of the switch and are not performed over the network. Consequently, the switch does not have to have an IP address for this type of management.

Local management sessions require the following items:

- Terminal or a personal computer with a terminal emulation program
- □ Management cable (provided in the shipping box)

To establish a local management session with the switch, connect a Terminal or a personal computer with a terminal emulation program to the Console port, which has an RJ-45 style (8P8C) connector, with a management cable.

The Console port has the following settings:

- Default baud rate: 115200 bps (Range is 9600 to 115200 bps)
- Data bits: 8
- D Parity: None
- □ Stop bits: 1
- Flow control: None

Note

These settings are for a DEC VT100 or ANSI terminal, or an equivalent terminal emulation program.

AT-IS230-10GP Reset Button

The Reset button is only available on the AT-IS230-10GP switch and it resets the switch. You might reset the switch if it is experiencing a problem. The reset button is recessed in the chassis. To press it, use a straightened paper clip or similar object.

The switch behaves as follows:

- □ Hold it for 5 sec: The switch software will reboot and return the configuration settings to factory defaults.
- □ Hold it for 2 sec: The switch software will reboot and keep the existing configuration settings that have been previously saved.



Caution

The switch does not forward network traffic for approximately one minute while it initializes its management operating system. Some network traffic may be lost.

Note

Unsaved changes to the configuration settings of the switch are discarded when you reset the device.
Ground Screw

The ground screw is used to connect the chassis to the earth ground at the installation site. The instructions for connecting the post are provided in the paragraph, "Connect Ground Wire" on page 78.



Warning

The switch must be connected to an earth ground. Do not operate the device without an earth ground.

Power/Alarm Connector

The power/alarm connector provides pins for two power supplies and a pair of alarm relay contacts. Refer to Figure 7.



Figure 7. IS Series Power/Alarm Connectors

Power Supply
InputsThe PWR 1 and PWR 2 connector is for the DC power supplies. You can
power the unit with one power supply or two power supplies for power
redundancy, which protects the device from power loss in the event that
one of the DC power units fails or loses power.

The switches support the following types of power sources:

- AC/DC rectifiers
- Un-interruptible power supplies

The power supply requirements for both the AT-IS230-10GP and AT-IS130-6GP models are described in "Power Supplies" on page 45. Allied Telesis does not sell or provide power supplies for these product.

P-Fail Alarm Relay Contacts

You can specify the type of Alarm policy that will activate the P-Fail alarm relay contacts when the fault is detected. The AT-IS130-6GP switch alarm indicates a power supply failure. Within the AT-IS230-10GP switch management software, the alarm type is configurable and detected. Examples of alarm conditions in the AT-IS230-10GP are power supply failures, fiber alarms, and port alarms.

The power/alarm connector on the top panel of the switch includes two pins for the P-Fail alarm relay contacts. You may connect these contact connections to an external alert device. The switch can use the device to alert you to alarm conditions, such as power supply failures or ports without links. Here are two examples of alert devices:

- LEDs
- Buzzers

The switch does not supply power on the P-Fail alarm relay contacts, which only provide an ON/OFF signal via a dry contact relay. When an alarm occurs, the switch changes the circuit from open (off) to closed (on).

The circuit remains closed until the alarm is resolved, at which point the switch automatically opens it again. The processes to resolving alarms can vary.

Power from an external power source is required for an external alert device which is activated when the P-Fail alarm relay contacts are closed. Here are the contact rating specifications for the P-Fail alarm relay:

- 24VDC maximum
- 1.0A maximum



Caution

The power supplied to the P-Fail alarm relay contacts must not exceed the above specifications or the contacts can potentially be damaged.

An example of the feature is illustrated in Figure 8. The P-Fail alarm relay contacts are attached to a LED alert device. The alert device is configured so the LED is off when the circuit is open and on when the circuit is closed.

Now assume you want the switch to close the circuit and activate the LED on the alert device whenever any port on the switch does not have a link to a network device. If the switch detects that a port does not have a link, it changes the circuit from open to closed. The alert device, detecting the change to the circuit, turns the LED on. When the switch detects that all its ports have links again, it opens the circuit, which turns off the LED.

Note

External alarm devices are not available from Allied Telesis.



LED Circuit open - LED off Circuit closed - LED on

Figure 8. Example of the P-Fail Alarm Relay Circuit

LEDs

The following sections describe the LEDs on the switches:

- □ "Status LEDs" on page 40
- □ "Twisted-Pair Port LEDs" on page 41
- □ "SFP Slot LEDs" on page 42
- □ "PoE Status LEDs" on page 43

Status LEDs The status LEDs are defined in Table 4.

AT-IS230-10GP	AT-IS130-6GP	LED	State	Description
~		0)/0	Solid Green	System is operating normally
X		SYS	Off	System is powered down, there is a system crash or an operation is initiating.
х		MASTER	Solid Green	Active when switch is the Ring Master of an X-Ring configuration
			Off	Switch is not the Ring Master of an X- Ring configuration
x	х	PWR 1	Solid Green	The switch is receiving power on the PWR 1 connector contacts and is operating normally.
			Off	The PWR 1 supply is powered down or is not installed.
X	Х	PWR 2	Solid Green	The switch is receiving power on the PWR 2 connector contacts and is operating normally.
			Off	The PWR 2 supply is powered down or is not installed.
x	х	FAULT	Solid Red	Defined major Alarm policy is triggered. See "P-Fail Alarm Relay Contacts" on page 38 for more information.
			Off	System the system is operating normally or is powered OFF.

Twisted-Pair Port LEDs

The AT-IS230-10GP twisted-pair port LEDs are identified in Figure 9.

Twisted-pair ports have two LEDs.



Figure 9. AT-IS230-10GPTwisted-Pair Port LEDs: Ports 1-10

The AT-IS130-6GP twisted-pair port LEDs are identified in Figure 10.



Figure 10. AT-IS130-6GP Twisted-Pair Port LEDs: Ports 1-5

The descriptions of the twisted-pair port LEDs are defined in Table 5 on page 41.

	Table 5.	Twisted-Pair Port LEDs: Ports 1-10
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LED	State	Description
	Solid Green	The port has established a link to a network device.
LINK/ACT (L/A)	Flashing Green	The port is transmitting or receiving data.
	Off	The port has not established a link with a network device.

LED	State	Description
00550	Solid Green	The port is operating at 1000 Mbps.
SPEED (SPD)	Solid Amber	The port is operating at 100 Mbps.
	Off	The port has not established a link with a network device or the port is operating at 10 Mbps.

Table 5.	Twisted-Pair Port L	EDs: Ports 1-10	(Continued)
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SFP Slot LEDs Each SFP slot has one LED.

The AT-IS230-10GP SFP LEDs for Combo ports 9 and 10 are shown in Figure 11.



Figure 11. AT-IS230-10GP SFP LEDs: Ports 9 and 10

The AT-IS130-6GP SFP LED for port 6 are shown in Figure 12.



Figure 12. AT-IS130-6GP SFP LED: Port 6

The descriptions of the SFP LEDs are defined in Table 6. Table 6. SFP Slot LED

State	Description
Solid Green	The port has established a 100Mbps or 1Gbps link to a network deice.
Flashing Green	The port is transmitting or receiving network packet traffic at 100Mbps or 1Gbps.
Off	The port has not established a link to a network device.

PoE Status LEDs The PoE Status LEDs are shown in a separate group from the PoE ports themselves.

The AT-IS230-10GP PoE Status LEDs are shown for twisted-pair ports 1 - 8 are shown in Figure 13.



Figure 13. AT-IS230-10GP PoE Status LEDs: Ports 1-8

The AT-IS130-6GP PoE Status LEDs are shown for twisted-pair ports 1 - 4 are shown in Figure 14.



Figure 14. AT-IS130-6GP PoE Status LEDs: Ports 1 - 4

The PoE LED functional descriptions for the twisted-pair ports 1 - 4 are defined in Table 7.

LED	State	Description
	Solid Green	PoE is active on the port and is delivering power to a powered device.
PoE	Off	This LED state indicates one of the following conditions: - The port is connected to a non-PoE device. - The PD is powered off. - PoE is disabled on the port.

Table 7.	PoE Status LED Descriptions
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Power Supplies

Allied Telesis does not sell power supplies for the IS Series products. Power supplies can be purchased from power supply manufacturers.

Note See "Power Specifications" on page 101 for the DC power supply output requirements.

AT-IS230-10GP The AT-IS230-10GP switch supports +24-48VDC power inputs. The switch must be powered by using a supplied by a UL61010 or UL61010-2-201 and 60950-1 or 62368-1 Listed DC power source, rated 24-48VDC, 7A minimum and Tma 75°C up to 3000m. If you need further assistance, please contact Allied Telesis.

Le commutateur AT-IS230-10GP prend en charge les entrées d'alimentation +24-48VDC. Le commutateur doit être alimenté à l'aide d'un adaptateur fourni par un UL61010 ou UL61010-2-201 et 60950-1 ou 62368-1 Source d'alimentation CC répertoriée, calibrée 24-48VDC, 7A minimum et Tma entre 75° C et 3000m. Si vous avez besoin d'aide supplémentaire, veuillez contacter Allied Telesis.

Here are the power supply requirements for the AT-IS230-10GP switch:

- □ DC voltage between 24 and 48VDC. Tension continue entre 24 et 48VDC.
- The DC power supply must be capable of supplying 7A continuously over the operating temperature range of -40° C to 75° C (-40° F to 167° F).
 L'alimentation CC doit être capable de fournir 7A en continu dans la plage de températures de fonctionnement de -40° C à 75° C (-40° F à 167° F).
- AT-IS130-6GP This AT-IS130-6GP switch supports +48-54VDC power inputs. The switch must be powered by using a IEC/EN/UL 62368-1 listed power source, rated 48VDC, 2.5A minimum or 54VDC, 2A minimum and Tma 75° C up to 3000m. If you need further assistance, please contact Allied Telesis.

Ce commutateur AT-IS130-6GP prend en charge les entrées d'alimentation +48-54VDC. Le commutateur doit être alimenté en utilisant une source d'alimentation homologuée IEC/EN/UL 62368-1, de calibre 48VDC, 2.5A minimum ou 54VDC, 2A minimum et Tma 75° C jusqu'à 3000m. Si vous avez besoin d'aide supplémentaire, veuillez contacter Allied Telesis. Here are the power supply requirements for the AT-IS130-6GP switch:

□ 48V, 2.5A (per port 15W) (+18.75%/-6.25%) OR 54V, 2A (per port 30W) (+5.55%/-5.55%) 48V, 2.5A (par port 15W) (+18.75%/-6.25%) OU 54V, 2A (par port 30W) (+5.55%/-5.55%) □ The DC power supply must be capable of supplying the above current continuously over the operating temperature range of -40° C to 75° C (-40° F to 167° F). L'alimentation CC doit être capable de fournir 7A en continu dans la plage de températures de fonctionnement de -40° Č à 75° C (-40° F à 167° F). **Power Supply** A single power supply that meets the above requirements can fully power the switch. A second power supply can also be connected for power **Redundancy** redundancy. **Power Supply** Power supplies are connected to four of the six terminals on the power/alarm connector on the top panel of the chassis. Refer to **Connections** Figure 7. Each power supply is connected to the switch with two wires, one positive (+) and one negative (-). If you are installing only one power supply to the switch, you may connect it to either the PWR 1 (V1+,V1-) or PWR 2 (V2+,V2-) pins.

Note

See for "Power Connector Pinout Assignments" on page 107 for the pinout function assignments.

Chapter 2 Begin Installation

The chapter contains the following sections:

- □ "Review Safety Precautions" on page 48
- □ "Safety Precautions With Electricity" on page 55
- □ "Review Site Requirements" on page 56
- □ "Verify Package Contents" on page 58

Review Safety Precautions

Please review the following safety precautions before you begin to install the switches

Important: Safety statements that have the *Score symbol* are translated into multiple languages in the *Translated Safety Statements* document, which is available at **www.alliedtelesis.com/library**.

Remarque: Les consignes de sécurité portant le symbole *&r* sont traduites dans plusieurs langues dans le document *Translated Safety Statements*, disponible à l'adresse **www.alliedtelesis.com/library**.



Caution

CAUTION: FOR USE IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT **ATTENTION:** Pour utilisation dans un environnement contrôlé



Warning

Do not block air ventilation holes. **ATTENTION:** Ne bloquez pas les ou es de ventilation.



Warning

Use dry cloth for cleaning. **ATTENTION:** Utilisez un chiffon sec pour le nettoyage.



Warning

This is open type equipment and should be installed in a suitable enclosure.

ATTENTION: Ceci est un appareil de type ouvert et doit être installé dans une enceinte appropriée.

Ground Connection

Please review this safety information and installation guidelines before installing the ground connection. Refer to "Connect Ground Wire" on page 78 for the installation procedure.



Before connecting the power, properly ground the device. Lack of a proper grounding setup may result in a safety risk and could be hazardous.

Avant de brancher l'appareil, mettez correctement l'appareil à la terre. L'absence d'une mise à la terre correcte peut entraîner un risque de sécurité et être dangereux.

Power/Alarm Connection

Please review this safety information and installation guidelines before installing the power and alarm wires. Refer to "Power/Alarm Connector Cables" on page 81 for the installation procedure.



Warning

Power cord is used as a disconnection device. To de-energize equipment, disconnect the power cord. & E3 Le cordon d'alimentation est utilisé en tant que mécanisme de déconnexion. Pour mettre l'équipement hors tension, débrancher le cordon d'alimentation. & E3

Safety AT-IS2

AT-IS230-10GP

Instructions

The AT-IS230-10GP switch can be powered by using SELV +24-48VDC. All circuits should be connected to a SELV circuit.

- 1. Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power disconnect.
- 2. If the equipment is not used for a long time, remove it from the power source to avoid damage by transient over voltage.
- 3. For use in pollution degree 2 environments and indoor use.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Le commutateur AT-IS230-10GP peut être alimenté en utilisant une tension SELV + 24-48 Vcc. Tous les circuits doivent être connectés à un circuit SELV.

1. Assurez-vous que la tension de la source d'alimentation est correcte avant de connecter l'équipement au sectionneur d'alimentation.

- 2. Si l'équipement n'est pas utilisé pendant une longue période, retirez-le de la source d'alimentation pour éviter tout dommage dû à une surtension transitoire.
- 3. Pour une utilisation dans des environnements de degré de pollution 2 et à l'intérieur.
- 4. Si l'équipement est utilisé d'une manière non spécifiée par le fabricant, la protection fournie par l'équipement peut être altérée.

AT-IS130-6GP

The AT-IS130-6GP switch supports +48-54VDC power inputs.

- 1. The switches must be powered by using IEC/EN/UL 62368-1 listed power source, rated 48VDC, 2.5A minimum or 54VDC, 2A minimum and Tma 75° C up to 3000m.
- 2. Ensure to connect the power cord to a socket-outlet with earthing connection.
- 3. If the equipment is not used for a long time, remove it from the power source to avoid damage by transient over voltage.
- 4. For use in pollution free environments and indoor use.
- 5. Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
- Use only EN 60825-1 certified Optical Fiber Transceivers with a maximum operating temperature specification that is equal to or greater than 75° C.
- 7. This equipment is not suitable for use in locations where children are likely to be present.

Les commutateurs peuvent être alimentés en utilisant SELV +48-54VDC.

- Les commutateurs doivent être alimentés en utilisant une source d'alimentation répertoriée IEC/EN/UL 62368-1, nominale de 48VDC, 2.5A minimum ou 54VDC, 2A minimum et Tma de 75° C à 3000m.
- 2. Branchez correctement le câble de raccordement à la terre à la prise de l'apparei
- 3. Si l'appareil n'est pas utilisé pendant une longue période, retirez-le de l'alimentation électrique pour éviter d'endommager la surtension momentanée.
- 4. Pour une utilisation dans des environnements non polluant et à l'intérieur.
- 5. N'ouvrez jamais l'équipement. Pour des raisons de sécurité, l'appareil ne devrait être ouvert que par un personnel de service qualifié.

- 6. Utilisez uniquement des émetteurs-récepteurs à fibre optique certifiés EN 60825-1 dont la température de fonctionnement maximale est égale ou supérieure à 75° C.
- 7. Cet appareil ne doit pas être utilisé dans des endroits où se trouvent des enfants.

Safety Statements

The following safety statements apply to the IS Series switch products:



Warning

Class 1 Laser product. & L1



Warning

Do not stare into the laser beam. GC L2



Warning

Do not look directly at the fiber optic ends or inspect the cable ends with an optical lens. \mathscr{A} L6



Warning

To prevent electric shock, do not remove the cover. No userserviceable parts inside. This unit contains hazardous voltages and should only be opened by a trained and qualified technician. To avoid the possibility of electric shock, disconnect electric power to the product before connecting or disconnecting the LAN cables. &E1



Warning

Do not work on equipment or cables during periods of lightning activity. Get E2



Warning

Power cord is used as a disconnection device. To de-energize equipment, disconnect the power cord. Ger E3



Warning

This equipment must be earthed. The ground screw on the unit must be connected to a properly earthed bonding point.

Note

Ground resistance from the building primary bonding point to earth should be less than 5 ohms.

Note

All Countries: Install product in accordance with local and National Electrical Codes. \mathscr{K} E8

Warning

Only trained and qualified personnel are allowed to install or replace this equipment. ${\mathscr A}$ E14



Caution

Air flow around the unit and through the cooling fins must not be restricted. Ger E20



Caution

Circuit Overloading: Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern. & E21



Warning

This unit might have more than one power cord. To reduce the risk of electric shock, disconnect all power cords before servicing the unit. \approx E30



Warning

To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not route network cables from PoE ports outside the building that houses this device. \mathcal{A} E40



Caution

The unit does not contain serviceable components. Please return damaged units for servicing. & E42



Warning

The temperature of an operational SFP or SFP+ transceiver can exceed 70° C (158° F). Exercise caution when handling transceivers with unprotected hands. & E43



Caution

An Energy Hazard exists inside this equipment. Do not insert hands or tools into open chassis slots or plugs. & E44



Warning

This equipment shall be installed in a Restricted Access location. $\ensuremath{\mathcal{E}45}$



Warning

HOT SURFACE, **DO NOT TOUCH** ATTENTION: SURFACE CHAUDE, **NE PAS TOUCHER**.



Warning

Hot surface! The finned surface on the back of the chassis is a heat sink and can become dangerously hot. ${\bf \ensuremath{\omega}}{\bf \ensuremath{E}}$ E114



Warning

Per NEC section 800.90 all exposed cables, service wires, or drops entering a building must have primary over-voltage protection if they are classified as exposed plants.

Note

The equipment meets EN61000-4-5 Class 3 on the DC inputs and Ethernet ports.



Warning

Allied Telesis does not warrant against lightning or power surges causing damage the device. Such damage will be the responsibility of the equipment owner.

Safety Precautions With Electricity

Please review the following additional safety guidelines before beginning the installation procedure.

- Disconnect all power by turning off the circuit breakers before installing or removing the device or when working with the power supplies.
- Do not work alone if potential hazards exist.
- Never assume that the power is disconnected from a circuit; always check the circuit.
- Inspect the work area carefully for possible hazards, such as moist floors, ungrounded power extension cables, frayed power cord, or missing safety grounds.

If an electrical accident occurs, proceed as follows:

- □ Use caution; do not become a victim yourself.
- □ Turn off power to the system.
- □ If possible, send another person to get medical aid. Otherwise, access the condition of the victim and then call for help.
- Determine if the person needs rescue breathing or external cardiac compressions and take appropriate action.

Review Site Requirements

Please observe the following requirements and guidelines when choosing a site for the IS Series switch:

- You can install the switch on a concrete or masonry wall or industrial panel or DIN 35x7.5mm rail.
- The DC power source should be located near the device and be easily accessible.
- The site should allow for easy access to the ports on the front of the device, so that you can easily connect and disconnect cables, and view the port LEDs.
- □ The site should allow for adequate air flow around and through the cooling fins on the sides of the switch.
- **The site should not expose the device to moisture or water.**
- □ The site should be a dust-free environment.
- The site should include dedicated power circuits or power conditioners to supply reliable electrical power to the network devices.
- If you are installing the device in a wiring or utility box, verify that the enclosure has adequate airflow so that unit does not overheat.
- Do not place objects on top of the switch.
- The twisted-pair cabling should not be exposed to sources of electrical noise, such as radio transmitters, broadband amplifiers, power lines, electric motors, and fluorescent lights.
- □ The site should allow for the following minimum open spaces around the switch:
 - Four inches under the switch.
 - Eight inches above the switch.
 - Four inches in front of the switch.
 - One inch on the left and right sides of the switch.
- Before installing the DC power supply, be sure to review the manufacturer's installation guide for rules and restrictions on site requirements, and to follow all guidelines and safety warnings.

- The switch and DC power source should be installed close to each other so that the DC power cables are kept as short as possible to minimize voltage loss.
- The switch and power supply should be properly connected to a protective earth ground.
- □ The switch and power supply should be individually grounded to the grounding conductor. Do not daisy-chain the ground wires.
- Powered devices connected to the LAN ports on the switch should be grounded to the same grounding conductor at the service entrance as the switch.
- LAN ports should have additional lightning protections as specified in 803.3at Section 33.4.1.1.2, Environment B Requirements, when connected to powered devices that are not grounded to the same grounding conductor at the service entrance as the switch.
- Electromagnetic interference might occur between switches and other devices when multiple switches are powered by a single DC power supply. This can be addressed by installing clamp-on ferrite beads on the DC power cables, between the DC power supply and switches.
- **□** Recommendations for ground resistivity are given in Table 8.

Level	Recommendation
Best Practice	<5 ohms
Acceptable	5 to 15 ohms
Marginal	15 to 25 ohms
Non-compliant	>25 ohms

 Table 8.
 Ground Resistivity Recommendations

Verify Package Contents



Figure 15 identifies the pre-installed components on the front panel of the switch.



Figure 16 identifies the pre-installed components on the front panel of the switch.



Figure 16. Pre-installed Components on the AT-IS130-6GP Front Panel



The Power/Alarm connector and the grounding screw locations are identified in Figure 17.

Figure 17. Pre-installed Components on the Top Panel

Figure 18 identifies the pre-installed DIN rail bracket on the back panel.



Figure 18. Pre-installed DIN Rail Bracket on the Back Panel

Figure 19 lists the items included in the accessory kit that comes with the switch.



Figure 19. AT-IS230-10GP Accessory Kit Components

Figure 19 lists the items included in the accessory kit that comes with the switch.



Figure 20. AT-IS130-6GP Accessory Kit Components

Chapter 2: Begin Installation

Chapter 3 Install the Switch

The procedures in this chapter are listed here:

- □ "DIN Rail Installation" on page 64
- "Install Switch On Concrete or Masonry Wall or Industrial Panel" on page 66

DIN Rail Installation

Both IS Series switches come with a DIN rail bracket pre-installed on the back panel. The bracket is compatible with a DIN 35x7.5mm rail. The bracket has a spring built into it which holds the bracket in place.

Note

Figure 21, Figure 22, and Figure 23 below illustrate the AT-IS230-10GP switch, but also apply to the AT-IS130-6GP switch.

Figure 21 shows the proper orientation of the switch on a DIN rail. Do not install the switch horizontally or upside-down.



Figure 21. Orientation of the Switch on a DIN Rail

To install the switch on a DIN rail, perform the following procedure:

1. Slide the slot on the top of the DIN rail bracket onto the top edge of the DIN rail. Refer to Figure 22.



Figure 22. Install Top Slot of DIN Rail Bracket onto DIN Rail

 Press down against the spring within the bracket on the top back edge of the switch until you the bottom edge of the front faceplate of the switch can be pushed back and under the bottom edge of the DIN rail. Release the pressure on the top of the switch until the DIN rail bracket spring securely fastens bracket to the top and bottom of the DIN rail. Refer to Figure 23.



Figure 23. Install Switch on DIN Rail

- 3. Visually inspect the bracket to verify that the DIN rail is now fitted into the top and bottom slots of the DIN rail bracket.
- 4. Go to Chapter 4, "Install Twisted-Pair Ports Cables" on page 71.

Install Switch On Concrete or Masonry Wall or Industrial Panel

This section contains instructions on how to install the switch on a concrete or masonry wall or industrial panel.



Warning

The device is heavy. Always ask for assistance before moving or lifting it to avoid injuring yourself or damaging the equipment.



Warning

The device should be installed on a wall or an industrial panel by a qualified building contractor. Serious injury to yourself or others or damage to the equipment may result if it is not properly fastened.

Here are the tools and material required for installing the switch on a concrete or masonry wall or industrial panel:

- □ Two wall brackets (included n the switch accessory kit)
- Wall bracket mounting screws eight M3x5mm length, 5 mm (included in the switch accessory kit)
- Cross-head screwdriver (not provided)
- Drill and 1/4" carbide drill bit (not provided)
- Four anchors and screws (not provided) for attaching the switch to the wall or the panel. The diameter of the screw holes in the wall brackets is 4.5 mm (0.17 in.).

Note

A DIN-Rail bracket is factory-installed and attached to the device with three screws (size M3x5mm - length, 5 mm) when you first remove the device from the shipping box. This bracket must be removed prior to mounting the device on the wall. Refer to the wall installation procedure below.

To install the switch on a concrete or masonry wall or industrial panel, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Place the switch in a table.
- 2. Remove DIN rail mounting bracket that is factory-installed on the back panel of the switch. Refer to Figure 24 on page 67.



Figure 24. Remove Din Rail Mounting Bracket

3. On the AT-IS130-6GP top and bottom panel and the AT-IS230-10GP back panel, align and install the two wall mounting brackets (provided) with the bracket mounting screws (provided). Refer to Figure 25.



Figure 25. Install Wall Mount Brackets on the Back of the Switch

4. Hold the switch on the concrete or masonry wall or industrial panel at the selected location for the device while you use a pencil or pen to mark the locations of the four screw holes in the two wall brackets. Refer to Figure 26.

Please follow these guidelines as you position the switch on the wall or industrial panel:

- □ The switch must be oriented as shown in Figure 26. You may not install the switch horizontally or upside-down.
- Be sure to leave sufficient space from other devices or walls to allow for adequate air circulation around and through the cooling fins. Refer to "Review Site Requirements" on page 56 for further information.



Figure 26. Mark Wall Bracket Hole Locations

5. If your are installing the switch on an industrial panel, skip this step and go to Step 6.

If you are installing the switch on a masonry or concrete wall, perform this step as follows:

- a. Use a drill and 1/4" carbide drill bit to drill the four holes at the locations marked in Step 4. Please review the following guidelines:
 - Prior to drilling, set the drill to hammer and rotation mode. The modes break up the concrete and clean out the hole.
 - Allied Telesis recommends cleaning out the holes with a brush or compressed air.
- b. Insert anchors (not provided) into the four holes.
- c. Go to Step 6.
- 6. Hold the switch at the selected location while you secure it with four screws (not provided). Refer to Figure 27.



Figure 27. Install Switch Using Wall Brackets

7. Go to Chapter 4, "Install Twisted-Pair Ports Cables" on page 71.

Chapter 3: Install the Switch

Chapter 4 Install Twisted-Pair Ports Cables

This chapter contains the following procedures:

- "Twisted-Pair Port Cables" on page 72
- □ "Install SFP Transceivers and Fiber Cables" on page 73

Twisted-Pair Port Cables

Here are the guidelines to cabling the 10/100/1000Base-T twisted-pair ports:

- □ The ports have 8-pin RJ45 connectors.
- □ The connectors on the cables should fit snugly into the ports, and the tabs should lock the connectors into place.
- □ The 10/100/1000Base-T ports must be set to Auto-Negotiation, the default setting, to operate at 1000Mbps.
- The default duplex mode setting for the ports is Auto-Negotiation. This setting is appropriate for ports connected to network devices that also support Auto-Negotiation for duplex modes.
- The default duplex mode setting of Auto-Negotiation is not appropriate for ports connected to network devices that do not support Auto-Negotiation and have a fixed duplex mode. Disable Auto-Negotiation on those ports and set their duplex modes manually to avoid the possibility of duplex mode mismatches. A switch port using Auto-Negotiation defaults to half-duplex if it detects that the end node is not using Auto-Negotiation. This can result in a mismatch if the end node is operating at a fixed duplex mode of full-duplex.
- The default wiring configuration of the ports is automatic MDIX detection, which configures the MDI/MDIX setting automatically. This setting is appropriate for switch ports that are connected to network devices that also support the feature.
- The Twisted-Pair Standard Cable Requirements for non-PoE and PoE wiring are given in Table 16 on page 102 and Table 17 on page 103.

Note

The default setting for the AT-IS230-10GP switch PoE ports is enabled. The AT-IS130-6GP switch PoE ports are always enabled.
Install SFP Transceivers and Fiber Cables

Please review the following guidelines before installing SFP transceivers in the IS Series switches:

- □ SFP transceivers are hot-swappable. You may install them while the device is powered on.
- □ For a list of supported transceivers, refer to the product data sheet.
- The operational specifications and fiber optic cable requirements of the transceivers are provided in the documents included with the devices.
- You should install a transceiver before connecting its fiber optic cable.
- Fiber optic transceivers are dust sensitive. Always keep the plug in the optical bores when a fiber optic cable is not installed, or when you store the transceiver. When you do remove the plug, keep it for future use.
- Unnecessary removal and insertion of a transceiver can lead to premature failure.
- Installing or removing a transceiver from a slot in the switch might require slightly more force than typically required with other network equipment. This is because of the design of the SFP cages.



Warning

A transceiver can be damaged by static electricity. Be sure to observe all standard electrostatic discharge (ESD) precautions, such as wearing an antistatic wrist strap, to avoid damaging the device. \swarrow E86

The illustrations in the following procedure show a transceiver with a duplex LC connector installed in a AT-IS230-10GP switch. The connectors on your transceivers may be different.

To install SFP transceivers in the chassis, perform the following procedure:

1. Remove the dust plug from a transceiver slot. Refer to Figure 28.



Figure 28. Remove the Dust Plug from an SFP Slot

- 2. Remove the transceiver from its shipping container and store the packaging material in a safe location.
- 3. Position the transceiver with its handle on the right and slide it into the slot until it clicks into place. Refer to Figure 29.



Figure 29. Install SFP Transceiver

Note

If you are ready to attach the fiber optic cable to the transceiver, continue with the next step. Otherwise for the AT-IS230-10GP switch, repeat steps 1 to 3 to install the other transceiver in the switch.

4. Remove the dust cover from the transceiver. Refer to Figure 30.



Figure 30. Remove Dust Cover from SFP Transceiver

5. Connect the fiber optic cable to the transceiver. The connector on the cable should fit snugly into the port, and the tab should lock the connector into place. Refer to Figure 31.



Figure 31. Connect Fiber Optic Cable To SFP Transceiver

- 6. For the AT-IS230-10GP switch, repeat this procedure to install and connect the cable to the other SFP transceiver if required.
- 7. Go to Chapter 5, "Power On Switch" on page 77.

Chapter 4: Install Twisted-Pair Ports Cables

This chapter contains the following procedures:

- □ "Connect Ground Wire" on page 78
- "Power/Alarm Connector Cables" on page 81
- □ "Apply Power To Switch" on page 86
- □ "Start Management Session" on page 87

Connect Ground Wire

Here are the guidelines for the ground wire:



The temperature rating of the input connection cable should be higher than 105° C.
La température nominale du câble de connexion d'entrée doit être

La température nominale du câble de connexion d'entrée doit être supérieure à 105° C.



Warning

This equipment must be earthed. The ground screw on the unit must be connected to a properly earthed bonding point.

To connect the grounding wire, perform the following procedure:

1. Strip 2.54cm (1.0 in.) of insulation from the end of the solid grounding wire with a wire insulator stripper. Refer to Figure 32.



Figure 32. Strip Grounding Wire



Warning

Do not strip more than the recommended amount of wire. Stripping more than the recommended amount can create a safety hazard by leaving exposed wire on the terminal block after installation. & E10

2. Loosen the grounding screw several turns with a #2 Phillips-head screwdriver. Refer to Figure 33 on page 79.



Figure 33. Loosen Grounding Screw

3. Wrap the grounding wire clockwise around the base of the grounding screw beneath the star-lock washer provided. Refer to Figure 34.



Figure 34. Wrap Grounding Wire Around Ground Screw

4. Tighten the screw clockwise to secure the ground wire to the switch chassis. Refer to Figure 35.



Figure 35. Secure Grounding Wire to the Switch

- 5. Connect the other end of the ground wire to an earth-ground point at the installation site.
- 6. Go to "Power/Alarm Connector Cables" on page 81.

Power/Alarm Connector Cables

The materials and tools needed to install the DC power and alarm cables are provided by the user and are as follows:

- 12-18 AWG stranded wires.
- □ 6-wire connector for the power and alarm cables connections.
- □ #1 flat-head screwdriver
- Wire insulation stripper

Take into consideration the following guidelines before wiring the device:

- The AT-IS230-10GP switch support dual +24-48VDC power inputs.
- □ The AT-IS130-6GP switch support dual +48-54VDC power inputs.
- Tighten wire-clamps to a torque value 7 lb-in. to prevent the DC wires from loosening.
- □ The terminal block is suitable for 12-18 AWG (3.31 0.205 mm²).
- P-Fail contacts are provided for switching a closed loop device. such as alarm system, for transmit signals only and do not provide power.



Warning

Power cord is used as a disconnection device. To de-energize equipment, disconnect the power cord. & E3

Power/Alarm Connector Wiring

To make the two pairs of DC power cables and one pair of wires for the P-Fail alarm relay contacts, perform the following procedure:

1. Strip 6.5mm (0.25 in.) of insulation from the ends of each of power and the alarm wires with a wire insulator stripper. Refer to Figure 36.



Figure 36. Strip Power or Alarm Wire



Warning

Do not strip more than the recommended amount of wire. Stripping more than the recommended amount can create a safety hazard by leaving exposed wire on the terminal block after installation. & E10

2. Tightly wrap the wire strands with your finger tips. Refer to Figure 37 on page 82.

This step is to prevent loose strands from touching other wires and causing an electrical short.



Figure 37. Wrap Wire Strands

Note

Allied Telesis recommends that you also tin the wires with solder as added protection against loose strands. This guide does not provide instructions on how to tin wires.

3. On the AT-IS230-10GP switch, loosen the two fastening screws on the sides of the Power/Alarm connector.

Note

The AT-IS130-6GP switch Power/Alarm connector does not have connector fastening screws.

4. Remove the power/alarm connector from the top panel. Figure 38 shows the removal of this connector.



Figure 38. Remove Power/Alarm Connector

5. Loosen the wire retaining screws for each of the six wire connections on the power/alarm connector with a #1 screwdriver as shown in Figure 39.



Figure 39. Loosen Power/Alarm Connector Wire Retaining Screws

6. Insert the power wires into the wiring slots for V1+ and V1- for the first power supply. If you are installing the wires for a second power supply, insert them into wiring slots V2+ and v2-. Insert the two alarm wires in the two middle wiring slots - pins 3 and 4. There is no polarity for the alarm wires. Refer to Figure 40.



Figure 40. Insert Power Supply and Alarm Wires into Power/Alarm Connector

7. After inserting the wires to the connector, verify that there are no exposed wires or loose wire strands. Refer to Figure 41 on page 84.



Warning

Check to see if there are any exposed copper strands coming from the installed wires. When this installation is done correctly there should be no exposed copper wire strands extending from the terminal block. Any exposed wiring can conduct harmful levels of electricity to persons touching the wires. & E12



Figure 41. Verify Wire Installation

8. Tighten the retaining screws on the power/alarm connector to secure the wires to a torque value 7 lb-in. Refer to Figure 42.



Figure 42. Tighten Wires In Power/Alarm Connector

- 9. Connect the opposite end of the alarm wires to the external alarm circuit.
- 10. Verify that the DC power supply is powered off. If there are two DC power supplies, verify that both units are powered off.
- 11. Connect the opposite ends of the "plus" and "minus" power wires from the power/alarm connector to the first external DC power supply. Refer to the documentation included with the power supply unit for instructions.
- 12. If you have a second external power supply, connect the second pair of power wires from the power/alarm connector to the second DC power supply. Refer to the documentation included with the power supply unit for instructions.

13. Insert the power/alarm connector into the mating connector on the chassis top panel.



Figure 43. Insert the Power/Alarm Connector

14. On the AT-IS230-10GP switch, tighten the two connector fastening screws on the ends of the power/alarm connector to the chassis as shown in Figure 44.



Figure 44. Fasten the Power/Alarm Connector to Chassis

15. After inserting and fastening the power/alarm connector, go to "Apply Power To Switch" on page 86.

Apply Power To Switch

This section contains the procedure for powering on the switch.

To power on the chassis, perform the following procedure:

1. Apply power to the DC power supplies.

Note

The AT-IS230-10GP switch and AT-IS130-6GP switch do not have an On/Off switch. To turn the unit OFF, you must turn OFF the power supplies.

2. Wait a minimum of one minute for the switch to initialize its operating system.

Verify Switch Operations Here are items to check to verify that the switch is operating normally. If there is a problem, refer to Chapter 6, "Troubleshooting" on page 91 for suggestions on how to resolve it.

- □ The Fault LED should be off.
- One or both PWR 1 and PWR 2 LEDs should be solid green, depending on the number of DC power supplies connected to the unit.
- □ The LEDs on SFP slots with transceivers connected to active network devices should be solid or flashing green.
- The Link LEDs on twisted-pair ports connected to active network devices should be solid or flashing green or amber. The Link LEDs are identified in Figure 9 on page 41 and Figure 11 on page 42.
- The PoE LEDs should be solid green on ports that are connected to PoE or PoE+ devices. The PoE LEDs are identified in Figure 13 on page 43.

If you have a AT-IS230-10GP switch, go to "Start Management Session" on page 87.

Start Management Session

Local	condu a netv This s	nitial management session for the AT-IS230-10GP switch may be acted via a local session by connecting to the Console port or a over work connection on any of the Ethernet ports of the switch.			
Management Session		session on the switch. Please review the following information before performing the procedure:			
		Local management sessions are conducted through the Console port on the front panel.			
		Local management sessions do not interfere with the network operations of the switch.			
		The switch comes with one 2 m (6.6 ft) management cable, with RJ-45 and DB-9 connectors, for local management sessions. Refer to Figure 19 on page 61.			
		The switch does not need an IP address for local management sessions.			
		The Command Line Interface (CLI) is the only management interface available when using the Console port.			
		The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is available via the CLI interfaces.			
	To sta	art a local management session, perform the following procedure:			
		onnect the RJ-45 connector on your management cable to the onsole port on the switch.			
		onnect the other end of the cable to an RS-232 port on a terminal or ersonal computer with a terminal emulation program.			
		onfigure the VT-100 terminal or terminal emulation program as llows:			
		Baud rate: 115200 bps (The baud rate of the Console port is adjustable from 1200 to 115200 bps. The default is 9600 bps.)			
		Data bits: 8			

- D Parity: None
- □ Stop bits: 1
- □ Flow controller: None

Note

The port settings are for a DEC VT100 or ANSI terminal, or an equivalent terminal emulator program.

Note

The baud rate must be set to the default 115200 bps to configure the boot loader.

- 4. Press Enter. You are prompted for the name and password of the manager account.
- 5. Enter the username and password. The default values are *manager* and *friend*, respectively.

Note

The username and password are case sensitive.

The switch starts the local management session and displays the following prompt:

awplus>

This prompt represents the User Exec mode in the command line interface in the switch. Refer to the AT-IS230-10GP switch Reference Guide for the available CLI commands.

NetworkThis section contains the procedure for starting the AT-IS230-10GPManagementmanagement session via a network connection. Please review the
following information before performing the procedure:

- A network management session may be established via any of the Ethernet ports of the switch.
- □ A network management session shares the Ethernet connection with active network traffic.
- □ The switch needs an IP address for a network management session. The factory default IP address is 192.168.1.1.
- □ The Web and Command Line Interface (CLI) management interfaces are available over a network connection.
- The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is available on both the Web and CLI management interfaces.

To start a network management session, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Connect one of the Ethernet ports on the switch to an existing network.
- 2. Connect your computer console to the same local area network (LAN) that is connected to the AT-IS230-10GP switch switch.
- 3. If you choose to use the Web management interface, perform the following steps:
 - a. Launch your web browser on the PC.
 - b. In the browser's URL address bar, type the switch's default IP address (192.168.1.1).

The login screen displays.

c. Enter the default username (*manager*) and password (*friend*).

Note

The user name and password are case sensitive.

- d. Click **OK** on the login screen to log in.
 - The main web interface window is displayed.
- 4. If you choose to use the CLI management interface, perform the following steps:
 - a. Open a command prompt window and type:

telnet <switchip> (where <switchip> is the IP address of the switch)

Note The default switch IP address is 192.168.1.1.

b. At the login prompt, type the default username (*manager*) and password (*friend*).

The switch will respond with "Managed switch configuration CLI ready".

Chapter 5: Power On Switch

This chapter has suggestions on how to troubleshoot problems with the switch. The sections in the chapter are listed here:

- □ "PWR 1 and PWR 2 LEDs" on page 92
- □ "Twisted-Pair Ports" on page 93
- □ "SFP Slots" on page 94
- □ "Power Over Ethernet" on page 95

Note

For further assistance, please contact Allied Telesis Technical Support at **www.alliedtelesis.com/support**.

PWR 1 and PWR 2 LEDs

Problem: A DC power supply is connected to the switch, but the corresponding PWR 1 or PWR 2 LED on the front panel is off.

Solutions: The unit is not receiving power from the power supply or the power is outside the operating range of the switch. Try the following:

- Verify that the DC power source is powered on and operating normally.
- Review the DC power source's documentation to verify that it is compatible with the switch. The power supply requirements for the switch are given in "Power Supplies" on page 45.
- Verify that the power/alarm connector is fully inserted into the slot in the top panel of the switch.
- Verify that the DC wires are securely connected to the PWR 1 -PWR 2 connector terminals on the switch and to the DC power supply.
- Verify that the DC positive and negative wires from the power supplies are connected to the correct connectors on the DC PWR
 1 - PWR 2 connector terminals on the switch.
- □ Try using a different DC power source.
- □ Try replacing the DC power wires.
- Try connecting the DC power source to a different device to ensure that it is working properly.
- □ Test the output voltage from the power source to verify that it is within the operating range of the switch.

Twisted-Pair Ports

Problem: A twisted-pair port on the switch is connected to a network device but the port's LINK/ACT LED is off.

Solutions: The port is unable to establish a link to a network device. Try the following:

- Verify that the port is connected to the correct twisted-pair cable. This is to eliminate the possibility that the port is connected to the wrong network device which may not be active.
- Verify that the network device connected to the twisted-pair port is powered on and is operating properly.
- Verify that the network cable is securely connected to the ports on the switch and remote network device.
- Try connecting another network device to the twisted-pair port with a different cable. If the twisted-pair port is able to establish a link, then the problem is with the cable or the other network device.
- Verify that the twisted-pair cable does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).
- Use the switch's management software to verify that the port is enabled.
- □ If the remote network device is a managed device, use its management firmware to verify that its port is enabled.

Note

A 1000Base connection might require five to ten seconds to establish a link.

Problem: Network performance between a twisted-pair port on the switch and a network device is slow.

Solution: There might be a duplex mode mismatch between the port and the network device. This can occur when a twisted-pair port using Auto-Negotiation is connected to a remote device that has a fixed speed of 10 or 100 Mbps and a fixed duplex mode of full duplex. If this is the cause of the problem, adjust the duplex mode of the port on the network device or switch so that both ports are using the same duplex mode. For the AT-IS230-10GP switch, you have to use the management software to determine the duplex mode settings of the ports.

SFP Slots

Problem: The LINK/ACT LED for an SFP transceiver is off.

Solutions: The fiber optic port on the transceiver cannot establish a link to a network device. Try the following:

- Verify that the remote network device connected to the fiber optic port is operating properly.
- Verify that the fiber optic cable is securely connected to the port on the SFP module and to the port on the remote network device.
- Check that the SFP transceiver is fully inserted in the slot in the switch.
- Verify that the operating specifications of the fiber optic ports on the transceiver and remote network device are compatible.
- □ Verify that the correct type of fiber optic cabling is being used.
- Verify that the port is connected to the correct fiber optic cable. This is to eliminate the possibility that the port is connected to the wrong remote network device.
- Try connecting another network device to the fiber optic port using a different cable. If the port is able to establish a link, then the problem is with the cable or with the other network device.
- On the AT-IS230-10GP switch, use the switch's management software to verify that the port is enabled.
- If the remote network device is a managed device, use its management firmware to verify that its port is enabled.
- Test the attenuation of both directions on the fiber optic cable with a fiber optic tester to determine whether the optical signal is too weak (sensitivity) or too strong (maximum input power).

Power Over Ethernet

Problem: The AT-IS230-10GP switch is not providing power to a PoE or PoE+ device.

Solutions: Try the following:

- Check that the device's power requirements do not exceed those listed in Table 1 on page 30. The power requirements should be included in the device's documentation or data sheet.
- □ Try replacing the twisted-pair cable.
- On the AT-IS230-10GP switch, use the management software on the switch to determine whether PoE/PoE+ is enabled on the port. The default setting is enabled.
- On the AT-IS230-10GP switch, use the SHOW POWER-INLINE command to determine whether the PoE power setting for the port was reduced to a value below the power requirements of the device.
- **Try connecting the device to a different port on the switch.**

Chapter 6: Troubleshooting

This appendix contains the following sections:

- □ "Physical Specifications" on page 98
- □ "Environmental Specifications" on page 100
- "Power Specifications" on page 101
- □ "RJ-45 Twisted-Pair Ethernet Port Pinouts" on page 104
- □ "RJ-45 Style Serial Console Port Pinouts" on page 106
- □ "Power/Alarm Connectors" on page 107

Physical Specifications

Dimensions Table 9 lists the dimensions of the products.

Table 9. Product Dimensions

	74 x 105 x 152 mm (W x D x H) (2.91 x 4.13 x 5.98 in.)
AT-IS130-6GP	30 x 95 x 140 mm (W x D x H) (1.18 x 3.74 x 5.51 in.)



Figure 45. AT-IS230-10GP Dimensions



Figure 46. AT-IS130-6GP Dimensions

Weights Table 10 lists the weights of the products.

Table 10. Product Weights

AT-IS230-10GP	1.2 Kg (2.64 lb)
AT-IS130-6GP	0.5 Kg (1.10 lb)

Cabinet

Table 11 provides the minimum cabinet dimensions.

Dimensions

Table 11. Minimum Cabinet Dimensions

	50.8 x 50.8 x 30.5 cm (20.0 x 20.0 x 12.0 in)
((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((20:0 x 20:0 x 12:0 11)

Environmental Specifications

Table 12 lists the IS Series environmental specifications.

Table 12. Environmental Specifications

Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to 75° C (-40° F to 167° F)
Storage Temperature	-40 [°] C to 85 [°] C (-40 [°] F to 185 [°] F)
Operating Humidity	10% to 95% noncondensing
Storage Humidity	10% to 95% noncondensing
Maximum Operating Altitude	3,000 m (9,843 ft)

Power Specifications

Table 13 lists the maximum power consumption values.

Table 13. Maximum Power Consumption

AT-IS230-10GP	13.2W (Full port load without PoE) 153.9W (Full port load, sourcing PoE)
AT-IS130-6GP	14W @ 48Vdc (Full port load without PoE) 19.6W @ 54Vdc (Full port load without PoE) 74W @ 48Vdc (Full port load, sourcing PoE) 109.6W @ 54Vdc (Full port load, sourcing PoE)

Table 14 lists the external power supply DC output specifications.

Table 14. External Power Supply DC Output Specifications

PS DC Output	AT-IS230-10GP: 24 - 48Vdc, 7.0A AT-IS130-6GP: 48Vdc, 2.5A or 54V, 2A
Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to 75° C (-40° F to 167° F)

Table 15 lists heat dissipation.

Note

The cooling requirements of the switch are smaller than the power draw because most of the load is dissipated at the PoE powered device (PD) and along the cabling. USE this BTU ratings for facility capacity planning.

Table 15. Heat Dissipation (British Thermal Units/Hour)

AT-IS230-10GP	115.7 BTU/h @ 24Vdc 65.9 BTU/h @ 48Vdc	
AT-IS130-6GP	47.9 BTU/h @ 48Vdc 66.9 BTU/h @ 54Vdc	

Standard Cable Requirements

The standard cable requirements for the ports on the IS Series switches are listed in Table 16.

Cable Type	10Mbps	100Mbps	1000Mbps
Standard TIA/EIA 568-B- compliant Category 3 shielded or unshielded cabling with 100 ohm impedance and a frequency of 16 MHz.	Yes	Yes	No
Standard TIA/EIA 568-A- compliant Category 5 or TIA/ EIA 568-B-compliant Enhanced Category 5 (Cat 5e) shielded or unshielded cabling with 100 ohm impedance and a frequency of 100 MHz.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Standard TIA/EIA 568-B- compliant Category 6 or 6a shielded cabling.	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 16. Twisted-Pair Standard Cable Requirements	Table 16.	Twisted-Pair Standard Cable Requirements
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Cabling for PoE Devices

The cable requirements for the PoE twisted-pair ports on the IS Series switches for powered devices are given in Table 17. For cable requirements for ports connected to non-PoE devices, refer to Table 16 on page 102.

	10Mbps		100Mbps		1000Mbps	
Cable Type	ΡοΕ	PoE+	ΡοΕ	PoE+	ΡοΕ	PoE+
Standard TIA/EIA 568- B-compliant Category 3 shielded or unshielded cabling with 100 ohm impedance and a frequency of 16 MHz.	No	No	No	No	No	No
Standard TIA/EIA 568- A-compliant Category 5 shielded or unshielded cabling with 100 ohm impedance and a frequency of 100 MHz.	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	No
Standard TIA/EIA 568- B-compliant Enhanced Category 5 (Cat 5e) shielded or unshielded cabling with 100 ohm impedance and a frequency of 100 MHz.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Standard TIA/EIA 568- B-compliant Category 6 or 6a shielded cabling.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Table 17. PoE Twisted-Pair Cable Requirements for Powered Devices



Figure 47 identifies pin 1 on an RJ-45 twisted-pair port.

Figure 47. RJ-45 Port Pin Layout (Front View)

Table 18 lists the pin signals for a port when it is operating at 10 or 100 Mbps.

Table 18. Pin Signals for 10 and 100 Mbps

Pin	MDI Signal	MDI-X Signal
1	TX+	RX+
2	TX-	RX-
3	RX+	TX+
4	Not used	Not used
5	Not used	Not used
6	RX-	TX-
7	Not used	Not used
8	Not used	Not used

Table 19 lists the pin signals for a port when it operating at 1000 Mbps.

Pinout	Pair
1	Pair 1 +
2	Pair 1 -
3	Pair 2 +
4	Pair 3 +
5	Pair 3 -
6	Pair 2 -
7	Pair 4 +
8	Pair 4 -

Table 19.	Pin	Signals	for	1000	Mbps
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RJ-45 Style Serial Console Port Pinouts

Pin	Signal	
1	Open	
2	Open	
3	Transmit Data	
4	Ground	
5	Ground	
6	Receive Data	
7	Open	
8	Ground	

Table 20 lists the AT-IS230-10GP Console port RJ-45 pin signals. Table 20. Console Port Pin Signals

Power/Alarm Connectors

Pin Assignments The IS Series pinout assignments for the power connector are given in Table 21 and Figure 48 for the switch Power/Alarm connectors.

	-	
Assignment	Function	
V1 +	PWR Supply 1 V+	
V1 -	PWR Supply 1 V-	
P-Fail	Alarm fault	
P-Fail	Alarm fault	
V2 +	PWR Supply 2 V+	
V2 -	PWR Supply 2 V-	

Table 21. Power Connector Pinout Assignments



AT-IS230-10GP

Figure 48. IS Series Power/Alarm Connectors

Note

For details of the power supply requirements, refer to "Power Supplies" on page 45.

P-Fail Alarm The IS Series contact rating specifications for the P-Fail alarm relay are:

Contact Rating

- □ 24VDC maximum
- □ 1.0A maximum